



Session 8: The Principle of Proportionality in Insurance Supervision

PROPORTIONALITY AND INCLUSIVE INSURANCE

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OVERVIEW



About Toronto Centre

The Principle of Proportionality

Proportionality: How and Why?

Proportionality and RBS: Implementing the approach

Proportionality and Inclusive Insurance Supervision



A Global Financial Sector Capacity Building NGO enabling long-term institution building and good governance



Founders and Funders



















Global Footprint:

Since 1998, Toronto Centre has trained 30,000 regulators and supervisors from 190 countries and territories including (but <u>not limited</u> to) the following:



Africa	Americas and Caribbean		Indo-Pacific	Europe	Middle East and North Africa
DRC Eswatini Ethiopia Ivory Coast Gabon Ghana Kenya Mauritius Namibia Nigeria Rwanda Seychelles South Africa Tanzania Zambia	Argentina Bahamas Barbados Bermuda Brazil Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica Dominican Republic Ecuador El Salvador Eastern Caribbean States (ECCB)	Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Mexico Panama Peru Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Uruguay U.S.A.	Bangladesh Brunei Cambodia China Cook Islands India Indonesia Malaysia Mongolia Myanmar Nepal Pakistan Philippines Singapore South Korea Thailand Vietnam Central Asia	Armenia Azerbaijan Bulgaria Croatia Finland Germany Guernsey Jersey Lithuania Luxembourg Montenegro Norway Poland Russia Sweden Switzerland Turkey Ukraine UK	Algeria Egypt Israel Jordan Morocco Qatar U.A.E.











PROGRAMMING

TORONTO CENTRE CONDUCTS ITS PROGRAMS WITH THESE CORE SUPERVISION AND LEADERSHIP OBJECTIVES IN MIND

STRENGTHEN LEADERSHIP SKILLS BETTER CRISIS PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT

HIGHER STANDARDS OF CONDUCT GREATER FINANCIAL INCLUSION

IMPROVE FINANCIAL STABILITY

EACH OF OUR PROGRAMS HELPS PARTICIPANTS TO:

- Strengthen their agencies' capacities to perform according to international standards of supervision (core principles)
- · Deal effectively with troubled financial institutions and market failures
- Improve consumer protection and combat financial crime
- Work with governments and others to create and maintain an effective legislative and regulatory framework for financial sector supervision
- Support efforts to enhance accessibility to financial services
- Work with financial institutions' management, board of directors, self-regulatory organizations, media, and others to promote and gain support for sound industry practices
- Network with peers and more senior supervisors to identify and resolve supervisory issues faced in their ongoing work



For Toronto Centre, proportionate supervision is important for improving EMDE Capacity Needs





The principle of proportionality



"The principle of proportionality requires supervisors to evaluate compliance with the regulatory framework in proportion to the nature, scale and complexity of the risks inherent to the insurers' business"

IAIS, Inclusive Insurance Application Paper, 2012

Identify the disruptive or innovative element of the activity

Identify the risks

Identify the risks

Adopt proportional regulation and supervision measures

- Nature of the insurer's business
- Risks arising in this business
- Steps taken by the insurer to mitigate the risks
- Probability of these risks materialising, despite mitigation
- Possible impact of these risks, should they materialise

An observation- and evidence-based approach that allow different supervisory intensity



Proportionality: How?



Accommodate
to different
sectors and a
range of
providers and
products

Balance risks and benefits against costs and benefits of being proportionate Use regulatory and supervisory powers and tools according to risks and benefits



Proportionality: Why?



Simpler, less complex ways of achieving similar outcomes that reduce unnecessary compliance costs and unnecessary complexity for insurance.

Particularly important with small policies, small insurers, and the need for innovation.

Avoid unnecessary or unwarranted use of supervisory resources (more efficient supervision).

May want to reflect the social role of some smaller institutions (role in financial inclusion and gender equality)

But also want to maintain a reasonably level playing field. Similar risks should receive equivalent treatment.



Proportionality and Risk Based Supervision: Underlies all ICPs

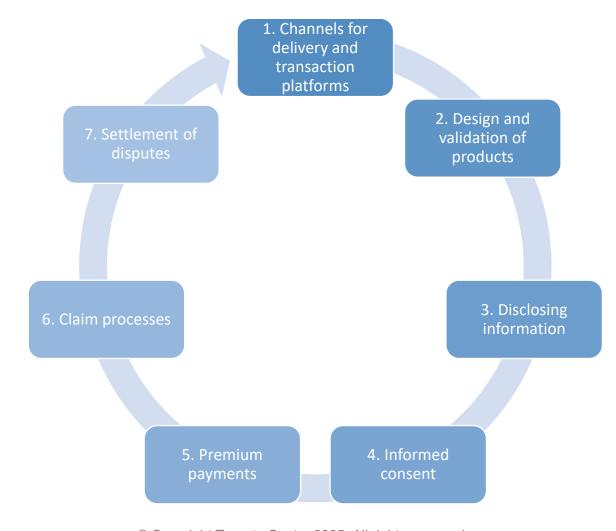


- The ICPs establish the minimum requirements for effective insurance supervision are expected to be implemented and applied in a <u>proportionate manner</u>.
- Supervisors have the <u>flexibility to tailor their implementation</u> of supervisory requirements and their application of insurance supervision to achieve the outcomes stipulated in the ICPs.
- <u>Proportionality</u> allows the ICPs to be translated into a jurisdiction's supervisory framework in a manner appropriate to its legal structure, market conditions and consumers.
- <u>Proportionality</u> allows the supervisor to increase or decrease the intensity of supervision according to the risks inherent to insurers, and the risks posed by insurers to policyholders, the insurance sector or the financial system as a whole.
- <u>Proportionate application</u> involves using a variety of supervisory techniques and practices which are tailored to the insurer to achieve the outcomes of the ICPs.



Proportionality can be applied across the insurance life cycle



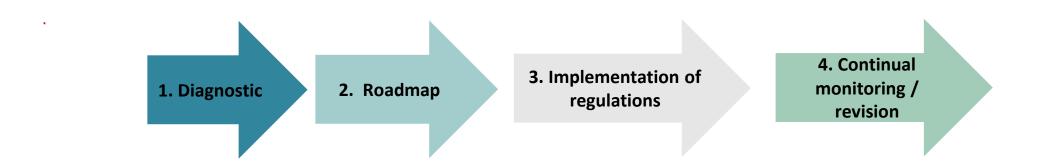




Implementing proportional regulation and supervision



Consultation is needed to ensure that regulatory obstacles are dealt with proportionally



A proportionate application involves using a variety of supervisory techniques and practices which
are tailored to the firm to achieve the outcomes of the IAIS standards. Such techniques and
practices should not go beyond what is necessary to achieve their purpose



Proportionality approach and Inclusive Insurance Supervision



- The approach of proportionality for Inclusive Insurance is a policy aimed at
 making insurance markets more accessible—especially to underserved and
 vulnerable populations—by ensuring that regulatory frameworks are flexible, riskbased, and enabling.
- Inclusive insurance refers to insurance products that are:
 - ✓ Designed for low-income, rural, or informal sector populations
 - ✓ Often delivered through microinsurance, digital platforms, or communitybased models
 - ✓ Typically involve small premiums, simple contracts, and mass-market distribution



Role of Proportionality in Inclusive Insurance Supervision



 To support inclusive insurance, supervisors must ensure that rules do not unintentionally exclude low-risk, small-scale, or innovative providers:

Objective	Supervisory Approach		
Reduce entry barriers	Simplified licensing for microinsurers or digital insurers		
Lower compliance burden	Streamlined reporting and governance		
Support innovation	Regulatory sandboxes and test-and-learn approaches		
Maintain policyholder protection	Basic but effective solvency and conduct rules		



How to Apply Proportionality in Inclusive Insurance Supervision



Simplified Licensing & Registration

- Create special licensing regimes for micro insurers or low-risk inclusive insurance providers.
- Set lower capital thresholds and simplified documentation requirements.
- **Example**: A mutual insurer offering community-based health insurance may not need the same entry requirements as a commercial insurer.

Tiered Risk-Based Supervision

- Categorize insurers by size, risk exposure, and business model.
- Apply lighter supervisory intensity to low-risk entities.
- **Example:** A digital micro insurer with small number of low-premium policies may report semi-annually instead of quarterly.

Proportional Governance and Risk Management

- Permit basic governance structures for small providers (e.g., a lean board, fewer committees).
- Adjust risk management expectations to reflect the simplicity of operations.
- **Example**: A cooperative insurer can use a simple risk log instead of a full model.



How to Apply Proportionality in Inclusive Insurance Supervision



Simplified Reporting and Disclosure

- Shorten the list of required reports or reduce frequency for small insurers.
- Use template-based reporting or digital submissions

Flexible Conduct Supervision

- Focus on clear product disclosures, fair treatment, and dispute resolution—without overly prescriptive rules.
- Allow simplified policy wording and flexible delivery channels (e.g., SMS, mobile apps).

Supportive Innovation Tools

- Establish regulatory sandboxes for inclusive insurance innovations.
- Allow test-and-learn pilots with temporary waivers or conditional approvals.

Proportionality is not about lowering standards, but about tailoring them to fit the real risks—so that inclusive insurance can grow safely, sustainably, and fairly



For more on proportionality in inclusive insurance, join us





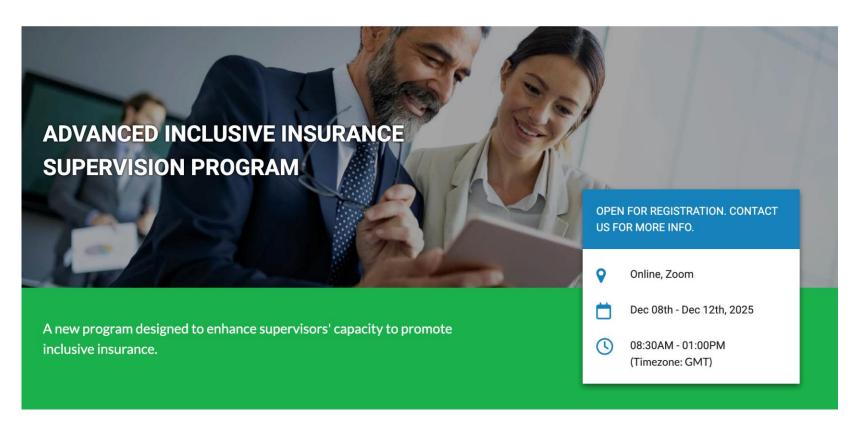
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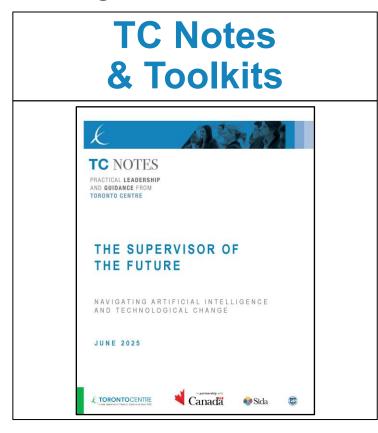


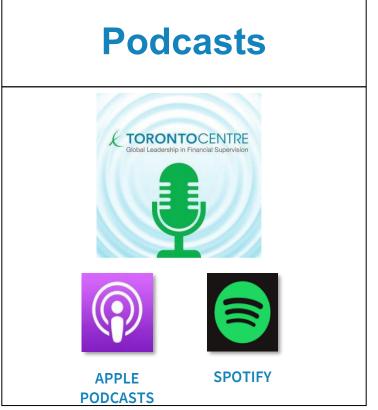


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KEY REFERENCES



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